

Skyway Water and Sewer District is pleased to present its 2017 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report provides important information about the drinking water you received in 2016. While it might seem technical in nature, we hope that you will take a few minutes to read, learn and understand more about your drinking water — where it comes from, its quality, treatment, monitoring and how it compares to federal drinking water standards. The more you know, the greater your confidence will be that the water from your tap is reliable, safe and meets or exceeds the highest standard set for drinking water quality.

or more information about drinking water quality, please contact our office or any of the following agencies:

**Skyway Water and Sewer District:** 

Phone: 206-772-7343 Website: <u>www.skywayws.org</u>

State Department of Health (DOH):

Phone: 1-800-521-0323

Website: www.doh.wa.gov/ehp/dw/

**Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):** 

Phone: 1-800-426-4791

Website: www.epa.gov/safewater

**Cascade Water Alliance** 

Phone: 425-453-0930

Website: www.cascadewater.org

City of Renton

Phone: 425-430-7295 Website: <a href="http://rentonwa.gov">http://rentonwa.gov</a>





### **Water Quality Information**

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791).

Last year, your drinking water was monitored 365 days a year and was tested for over 100 compounds. The tests were done before and after treatment and while your water was in the distribution system. The tables in this document show the detected contaminants and compare them to the limits and goals set by the EPA and the State of Washington to ensure your tap water is safe. Please note that your water falls safely within state and federal guidelines for each and every contaminant, significantly below the EPA's levels. The tables list contaminants detected in the most recent required testing in the regional distribution systems unless specific information was collected in the Skyway system. Not listed in these tables are the over 100 other contaminants that were tested for, but not detected, in your drinking water. If you would like a list of the other compounds or if you have other water quality questions, please contact our office.

### **People with Special Concerns**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Center for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

# **Water Supply**

Skyway Water and Sewer District has three separate sources of water: Cascade Water Alliance (Seattle Public Utilities), City of Renton, and District wells. Depending on where you live, you received water from one or more of these sources in 2016. The map below outlines, by color, the typical supply source for various areas of the District. The table on the following page is shaded to match these same areas.

# S H2TH ST S 128TH ST S Skyway Well Supply Renton Water Supply Cascade Water Alliance Water Supply

## **Skyway Well Supply**

Skyway's own protected wells supplied about 12% of the District's water supply. A filtration treatment plant removes iron and manganese to improve the taste and clarity of this water, then chlorine is added. This percentage is expected to increase over the next few years as the District expands its well source use.

# **Renton Water Supply**

About 31% of the District's water was purchased from the City of Renton. The majority of this source is shallow ground water from the Cedar Valley Aquifer and has been treated with chlorine and fluoride and the addition of sodium hydroxide to make the water less corrosive to pipes and home plumbing.

### **Cascade Water Alliance Supply**

About 57% of Skyway's water was purchased from Cascade Water Alliance (CWA), which purchases water from Seattle Public Utilities (SPU). SPU maintains two pristine watersheds: the Cedar River Watershed and the South Fork Tolt River Watershed. Skyway's SPU supply usually comes from the Cedar River Source. SPU currently treats its water by chlorine and ozone disinfection, fluoridation, and pH adjustment.

### **Lead and Copper Information**

The regional water supplies do not contain lead or copper. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Skyway Water and Sewer District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Lead and Copper Sampling (All Sources)	ldeal Goal MCLG	Action Level+	Results of the 2015 Samplings*	Number of Homes Exceeding Action Level	Typical Sources in Drinking Water	
Lead, ppb	0	15	0.0008	0 of 20	Corrosion of household plumbing systems.	
Copper, ppm	1.3	1.3	0.244	0 of 20	These samples were collected in homes within the Skyway Well supply system.	

<sup>+</sup> The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

\* 90th Percentile: i.e. 90 percent of the samples were less than the values shown.

# **2016 Water Quality Sampling Results**

				Cascade Water Alliance Supply  Renton Water Supply		Skyway Well Supply						
Detected Compounds	Units	MCLG	MCL	Average	Range	Highest	Range	Average	Typical Sources			
RAW WATER												
Total Organic Carbon	ppm	NA	TT	0.8	0.3 - 2.1	NA	NA	NA	Naturally present in the environment			
Cryptosporidium	#/100 liters	NA	NA	0.3	ND - 2	NA	NA	NA	Naturally present in the environment			
FINISHED WATE	R											
Turbidity	NTU	NA	TT	0.3	0.2 - 2.3	NA	NA	NA	Soil runoff			
Arsenic	ppb	0	10	0.5	0.4 - 0.6	NA	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits			
Barium	ppb	2000	2000	1.6	1.5 - 1.8	NA	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits			
Bromate	ppb	0	10	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	By-product of drinking water disinfection			
Chromium	ppb	100	100	0.27	0.25 - 0.33	NA	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits			
Chlorine	ppm	MRDLG =4	MRDL =4	Average = 1.04 Range = 0.47- 1.44		Average = 0.71 Range = 0.55 - 0.85		Average = 0.849 Range = 0 - 1.17	Water additive used to control microbes			
Fluoride <sup>(3)</sup>	ppm	4	4	0.7	0.6 - 0.9	1.0	0.2- 1.0	NA	Water additive, which promotes strong teeth			
Nitrate	ppm	10	10	0.02	(one sample)	2.2	0.4 - 2.2	0.17	Erosion of natural deposits			
Sodium <sup>(2)</sup>	ppm	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	NA	Erosion of natural deposits; water treatment			
Haloacetic Acids	ppb	NA	60	33.9	32.6 - 34.3	Average = 3.25 Range = 1.2 - 5.3		NA	By-product of drinking water chlorination			
Total Trihalomethanes	ppb	NA	80	27.4	23.2- 28.8	Average = 14.45 Range = 10.0 - 18.9		NA	By-product of drinking water chlorination			
Total Coliform	%	0	5%	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Naturally present in the environment			

### **Definitions of Table Abbreviations**

**Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU):** Turbidity is a measure of how clear the water looks.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

ppm: parts per million
NA: Not Applicable

ppb: parts per billion
ND: Not Detected

(1)Cryptosporidium was detected in 2 of 12 samples from the Cedar River

(2) The EPA recommends 20 ppm as a level of concern for people on a sodium-restricted diet. Renton adds sodium hydroxide to prevent corrosion of plumbing. Sodium hypochlorite is added to water from the Maplewood wells for disinfection and to remove naturally occurring ammonia.

(3) Renton also measures fluoride levels daily in the distribution system.

Beginning in year 2016 Renton attempted to maintain fluoride at a level of 0.7 ppm, which is the new level recommended by the WA State Dept of Health. Renton citizens voted to add fluoride to the drinking water in 1985.



### **Efficient Water Use Continues**

In 2003, the Washington State Legislature passed the Municipal Water Law to address the increasing demand on our state's water resources. This law required all municipal water suppliers to establish efficiency measures aimed at reducing water use and preserving precious water resources. Key elements of the law included planning requirements, distribution system leakage standards and water use efficiency (WUE) goal setting and performance rating.

Skyway Water and Sewer District is a member of the Cascade Water Alliance which provides water efficiency programs and services on behalf of its members. The 2016 Cascade Water Efficiency Program (program) saves approximately 94 million gallons of water, 10.3 million kilowatt hours of energy, and 6.2 million pounds of avoided greenhouse gas emissions per year. The program benefits public agencies through a variety of education and outreach, training, and retrofit actions. The program continues to promote Cascade as a national leader in resource management. The program provides the requisite water efficiency measures and savings goals for Cascade members to meet their state-mandated water use efficiency requirements.

Cascade's water efficiency goal is a cumulative savings of 0.6 million gallons (mg) per day on an annual basis and 1.0 mg per day on a peak season basis by 2020. in 2016, Cascade achieved an annual savings of 257,728 gallons per day or about 43% of its six-year cumulative savings goal. Along with savings from 2014-15, Cascade has achieved approximately 86% of its 6-year cumulative savings goal and 52% of its peak season goal.

If you are looking for ideas how you can help conserve water, check out www.cascadewater.org and click on the Conservation tab. Conservation may be easier than you think.

In 2016, Skyway Water and Sewer District purchased or produced almost 214 million gallons of water. As in years prior, the District tracked the uses of this water. In 2016, 91.8% of the water purchased or produced was used by customers or was used for water quality monitoring, fire fighting, main flushing, and construction purposes. About 8.2% of water was not sold or used due to water main breaks and other unaccounted for means.

The Board of Commissioners meetings are held on the second and fourth Tuesdays each month at 6:00 pm at the District office, 6723 S 124th Street. Check the District website at www.skywayws.org for up-to-date meeting information. Please contact us if you have an issue that you would like to discuss or are concerned about at info@skywayws.org or call us at 206-772-7343.



Skyway Water & Sewer District 6723 S. 124th St. Seattle, WA 98178 206-772-7343 www.skywayws.org

This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it for you, or speak with someone who understands it.

Tài liệu này có tin tức quan trọng về nước uống của quý vị. Hãy nhờ người dịch cho quý vị, hoặc hỏi người nào hiểu tài liệu này.

Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.

### Skyway Audits

In 2016 Cascade performed an additional 14 water audits for customers in Skyway's discounted rate program. Combined with the audits from 2015, a total of 38 audits were completed. Many old fixtures were replaced and leaks repaired. Cascade's preliminary analysis of the participants' water bills indicates a significant water savings resulting from the program.



### Website Ordering

Cascade offers free water efficiency items, such as showerheads, shower timers, and rain gauges, to homeowners in its member service areas through its website. The ordering process is easy, and the items are shipped to the customer's door. Cascade provided 1,510 items to residents, apartment complexes, and cascade members for distribution to customers in 2016. Check out their web site for more information http://cascadewater.org/free-items.php.